

# **EFFECTIVE: MAY 2005 CURRICULUM GUIDELINES**

**A.** Division: Instructional Effective Date: May 2005

**B.** Department / Commerce & e Program Area:

### M: Course Objectives / Learning Outcomes

At the end of the course, the successful student should be able to:

- 1. collect statistical data using appropriate sampling techniques;
- 2. organize statistical data and calculate measures of central tendency and variation;
- 3. calculate the probability of events when they are mutually exclusive, independent and dependent;
- 4. use binomial and normal distribution to make probability estimates;
- 5. set up confidence intervals for population means and proportions;
- 6. use sample information to test statements or claims about parameters;
- 7. use computer spreadsheets to solve statistical problems;
- 8. use simple regression to determine significance of relationship between two variables.

#### **N:** Course Content:

- 1. Descriptive Statistics: frequency distributions, graphical displays, measures of central tendency, measures of dispersion.
- 2. Probability: experiments, counting rules, assigning probabilities, events, complement, exclusion, intersection, union, addition law, conditional probability.
- 3. Discrete Probability Distributions: expected value and variance, binomial distribution.
- 4. Continuous Probability Distributions: uniform and normal probability distributions.
- 5. Sampling Distributions: random sampling, sampling distribution of sample mean and sample proportion.
- 6. Interval Estimation: means and proportions, small and large samples, determining sample size.
- 7. Hypothesis Testing: formulating and testing a research hypothesis, 1 and 2 tailed tests about sample mean and proportion, Type 1 and 2 error.
- 8. Statistical Inference with Two Populations (independent samples): interval estimation and hypothesis tests for difference between two means and between two proportions.
- 9. Computer Analysis with Excel Spreadsheets: creation of spreadsheets, histograms, frequency tables, scatter charts, interval estimates, and use of probability distribution functions.
- 10. Simple Linear Regression: least squares, model and assumption, R-Squared, prediction.

## O: Methods of Instruction

Lectures and seminars.

## P: Textbooks and Materials to be Purchased by Students

Anderson, D.R., Sweeney et al. Statistics for Business and Economics, Latest Ed. South-Western (Thomson).

Business Calculator: one of:

- Texas Instruments BAII+
- Texas Instruments BA35
- Hewlett Packard 10B
- Sharp EL-733a

Date: October 2004

Q:	Means of Assessment		
	Final Exam Term Examinations (2-3) Computer Lab Test Assignments (6-12) Participation	30% 40% - 50% 5% - 10% 15% - 25% <u>0% - 5%</u> 100%	
R:	Prior Learning Assessment and Recognition: specify whether course is open for PLAR		
	No.		
Course Designer(s): George Stroppa			Education Council / Curriculum Committee Representative
Dean / Director: Jim Sator			Registrar: Trish Angus

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Date: October 2004